

PAAVAI ENGINEERING COLLEGE, NAMAKKAL – 637 018

(AUTONOMOUS)

MASTER OF COMPUTER APPLICATIONS

REGULATIONS 2016

CURRICULUM

(CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM)

SEMESTER I

| Course Code | Course Title | L | T | P | C |
|--------------------|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| PMA16108 | Mathematical Foundation for Computer Applications | 3 | 2 | 0 | 4 |
| CA16101 | Computer Organization | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| CA16102 | Problem Solving Techniques | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| CA16103 | Programming in C | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| CA16104 | Data structures and Algorithms | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| CA16105 | Programming in C Laboratory | 0 | 0 | 4 | 2 |
| CA16106 | Data Structures and Algorithms Laboratory | 0 | 0 | 4 | 2 |
| CA16107 | Office Automation Laboratory | 0 | 0 | 4 | 2 |

SEMESTER II

| Course Code | Course Title | L | T | P | C |
|--------------------|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| CA16201 | Object Oriented Programming | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| CA16202 | Database Management Systems | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| CA16203 | System Software | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| CA16204 | Operating Systems | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| CA16205 | Computer Graphics and Multimedia | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| CA16206 | Object Oriented Programming Laboratory | 0 | 0 | 4 | 2 |
| CA16207 | DBMS Laboratory | 0 | 0 | 4 | 2 |
| CA16208 | Graphics and Multimedia Laboratory | 0 | 0 | 4 | 2 |

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To understand the concepts and operations of matrix algebra needed for computing graphics modelling
- To understand and apply the class of functions which transform a finite set into another finite set which relates to input output functions in computer science
- To make the students to think logically and mathematically and apply these techniques in solving problems
- To impart discrete knowledge in computer engineering through finite automata.
- To impart discrete knowledge in computer engineering through Context free Grammars

UNIT I MATRIX ALGEBRA**15**

Matrices, Rank of Matrix, Solving System of Equations-Eigen Values and Eigen Vectors-Inverse of a Matrix - Cayley Hamilton Theorem

UNIT II BASIC SET THEORY**15**

Basic Definitions - Venn Diagrams and set operations - Laws of set theory - Principle of inclusion and exclusion - partitions- Permutation and Combination - Relations- Properties of relations - Matrices of relations - Closure operations on relations - Functions - injective, subjective and objective functions.

UNIT III MATHEMATICAL LOGIC**15**

Propositions and logical operators - Truth table - Propositions generated by a set, Equivalence and implication - Basic laws- Some more connectives - Functionally complete set of connectives- Normal forms - Proofs in Propositional calculus - Predicate calculus.

UNIT IV FORMAL LANGUAGES**15**

Languages and Grammars-Phrase Structure Grammar-Classification of Grammars-Pumping Lemma for Regular Languages-Context Free Languages.

UNIT V FINITE STATE AUTOMATA**15**

Finite State Automata-Deterministic Finite State Automata(DFA), Non Deterministic Finite State Automata (NFA)-Equivalence of DFA and NFA-Equivalence of NFA and Regular Languages

TOTAL: 75 PERIODS**COURSE OUTCOMES**

At the end of this course, the students will be able to

- understand the basic knowledge of matrix, set theory, functions and relations concepts needed for designing and solving problems
- perform the knowledge of logical operations and predicate calculus needed for computing skill
- design and solve Boolean functions for defined problems
- apply the acquired knowledge of formal languages to the engineering areas like compiler design
- apply the acquired knowledge of finite automata theory and design discrete problems to solve by computers

REFERENCES

1. Kenneth H.Rosen, "Discrete Mathematics and its Applications", 6th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 5th Reprint 2013.

2. Hopcroft and Ullman, "Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages and Computation", Narosa Publishing House, Delhi, 2012.
3. Trembly J.P and Manohar.R, "Discrete Mathematical Structures with Applications to Computer Science", Tata McGraw-Hill, 35th Reprint 2013.
4. Sakthivel" Mathematical Foundations Of Computer Science" A.R.S Publications First Edition 2012.
5. A.Tamilarasi & A.M.Natarajan, "Discrete Mathematics and its Application", KhannaPublishers, 2nd Edition 2014.

WEB LINKS

1. http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Formal_language
2. <http://galaxy.eti.pg.gda.pl/katedry/kiw/pracownicy/Jan.Daciuk/personal/thesis.html>
3. http://www.mathgoodies.com/lessons/toc_vol9.html

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To impart the knowledge in the field of digital electronics
- To impart knowledge about the various components of a computer and its internals.
- To design and realize the functionality of the computer hardware with basic gate.
- To design other components using combinational and sequential logic.
- To understand the importance of the hardware-software interface.

UNIT I DIGITAL FUNDAMENTALS 9

Number Systems and Conversions – Boolean Algebra and Simplification – Minimization of Boolean Functions – Karnaugh Map, Logic Gates – NAND – NOR Implementation

UNIT II COMBINATIONAL AND SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS 9

Design of Combinational Circuits – Adder / Subtractor – Encoder – Decoder – MUX / DEMUX – Comparators, Flip Flops – Triggering – Master – Slave Flip Flop – State Diagram and Minimization – Counters – Registers.

UNIT III BASIC STRUCTURE OF COMPUTERS & PARALLEL PROCESSING 9

Functional units – Basic operational concepts – Bus structures – Performance and Metrics – Instruction and instruction sequencing – Addressing modes – ALU design – Fixed point and Floating point operation.

UNIT IV PROCESSOR DESIGN 9

Processor basics – CPU Organization – Data path design – Control design – Basic concepts – Hard wired control – Micro programmed control – Pipeline control – Hazards – Super scalar operation.

UNIT V MEMORY, I/O SYSTEM AND PARALLEL PROCESSING 9

Memory technology – Memory systems – Virtual memory – Caches – Design methods – Associative memories – Input/output system – Programmed I/O – DMA and Interrupts – I/O Devices and Interfaces - Multiprocessor Organization – Symmetric multiprocessors – Cache Coherence – Clusters: Non Uniform Memory Access - Vector Computation.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of this course, the students will be able to

- design digital circuits by simplifying the Boolean functions
- understand the organization and working principle of computer hardware components
- understand mapping between virtual and physical memory
- acquire knowledge about multiprocessor organization and parallel processing
- trace the execution sequence of an instruction through the processor

REFERENCES

1. Morris Mano, “Digital Design”, Prentice Hall of India, Fourth Edition 2012.
2. Carl Hamacher, Zvonko Vranesic, Safwat Zaky and Naraig Manjikian, “Computer organization and Embedded Systems”, Sixth Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2012.
3. William Stallings, “Computer Organization & Architecture – Designing for Performance” 9th Edition 2013.

4. Charles H. Roth, Jr., “Fundamentals of Logic Design”, Jaico Publishing House, Mumbai, Fourth Edition, 2013.
5. David A. Patterson and John L. Hennessy, “Computer Organization and Design: The Hardware/Software Interface”, Fourth Edition, Morgan Kaufmann / Elsevier, 2012.

WEB LINKS

1. http://www.electronics-tutorials.ws/combination/comb_1.html
2. <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Input/output>
3. <http://ecomputernotes.com/fundamental/disk-operating-system/parallel-processing systems>

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To understand the basic concepts of problem solving approaches.
- To develop optimal program structure using conditional and iterative control structures and functions.
- To design, implement the basic programming concepts.
- To design, implement the test and apply the basic programming concepts.
- To apply the techniques of structured (functional) decomposition to break a program into smaller pieces and describe the mechanics of parameter passing.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTER PROBLEM SOLVING 9

Introduction - The Problem-solving Aspect - Top-down Design-implementation of Algorithms - Program Verification - The Efficiency of Algorithms. Fundamental Algorithms - Exchanging the values of Two Variables - Counting - Summation of a set of Numbers - Factorial Computation - Sine function computation - Generation of the Fibonacci sequence - Reversing the Digits of an Integer - Base Conversion Character to Number Conversion.

UNIT II FACTORING METHOD 9

Finding the square Root of a number - The Smallest Divisor of an Integer - The Greatest Common Divisor of Two Integers - Generating Prime Numbers - Computing the Prime Factors of an Integer - Generation of Pseudo - random Numbers - Raising a Number to a Large Power - Computing the nth Fibonacci Number.

UNIT III ARRAY TECHNIQUES 9

Array Order Reversal - Array Counting or Histogramming - Finding the Maximum Number in a Set - Removal of Duplicates from an Ordered Array - Partitioning an Array – Finding the kth Smallest Element - Longest Monotone Subsequence.

UNIT IV SORTING AND SEARCHING 9

The Two - way Merge - Sorting by Selection - Sorting by Exchange-Sorting by Insertion – Sorting by Diminishing Increment - Sorting by Partitioning - Binary Search - Hash Searching.

UNIT V TEXT PROCESSING AND PATTERN SEARCHING 9

Text Line Length Adjustment - Left and Right Justification of Text - Keyword Searching in Text-Text Line editing - Linear Pattern Search - Sub linear Pattern Search.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**COURSE OUTCOMES**

At the end of this course, the students will be able to

- design a computational solution for a given problem
- break a problem into logical modules that can be solved (programmed)
- transform a problem solution into programs involving programming constructs
- transform a text processing and pattern searching
- introduce modularity using ad hoc run-time polymorphism

REFERENCES

1. R.G.Dromey “How to Solve it by Computer”, Pearson Education, India, 2013.
2. Pradip Dey, Manas Ghosh, “Fundamentals of Computing and Designing”, First Edition, Oxford University Press, 2012
3. Seymour Lipschutz, “Essentials Computer Mathematics”, Schaums’ outlines series, Tata McGrawHill Edition, 2013.
4. Deitel and Deitel, ”C How to Program”, Pearson Education. 2013, 6th edition
5. Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, “The Programming Language”, 2013, Prentice-Hall

WEB LINKS

1. <http://www.tutorialspoint.com/cprogramming.html>
2. http://en.wikibooks.org/wiki/problem_solving.html
3. <http://www.ntu.edu.sg/home/ehchua/programming/cpp/DataStructureAlgorithm.html>

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To understand the fundamentals of basic programming concept.
- To make a study of pointers.
- To know about data storage techniques a query processing.
- To understand the fundamentals of structures.
- To understand the fundamentals of file management systems.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO C LANGUAGE 9

Overview of ‘C’ language - Constants, Variables and Data Types - Operators, Expressions and Assignment statements - Managing Input/Output Operations - Formatted I/O - Decision Making - Branching - IF, Nested IF - Switch – go to - Looping- While, do, for statements.

UNIT II ARRAYS AND FUNCTIONS 9

Arrays - dynamic and multi-dimensional arrays - Character arrays and Strings - String handling Functions - User defined Functions - Categories of Functions - Recursion.

UNIT III STRUCTURES AND UNIONS 9

Basics of Structures-Declaring a Structure - Array of Structures -Passing Structures elements to Functions- Passing entire Structure to Function - Structures within Structures - Union - Union of Structures - Enumerated Data Types – typedef Statement.

UNIT IV POINTERS 9

Pointers - Declaration, Accessing a variable, dynamic memory allocation, Pointers versus Arrays, Array of pointers, Pointers to functions and structure Pointers.

UNIT V FILE MANAGEMENT 9

File Management in C - Data hierarchy- Files and Streams - Sequential access file- Random access file - Preprocessors

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**COURSE OUTCOMES**

At the end of this course, the students will be able to

- understand the basic concepts of the programs
- design a program using C functions and structures
- acquire the knowledge of pointer to monitor the performance of the C language
- develop a simple applications using file manipulation
- develop a simple applications using structures

REFERENCES

1. Byron C Gotfried, “Programming with C”, Schuams outline series, 2nd edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2013.
2. Yashavant P. Kanetkar “Understanding Pointers In C”, BPB Publications, New Delhi, 2012.
3. Reema Thareja, “Programming in C”, Oxford University Press, 2012.
4. Kamthane, “Programming with ANSI and Turbo C”, Pearson Education, Delhi 2013.
5. E. Balagurusamy “ Programming in ANSI C ” , Tata McGraw Hill, 2013.

WEB LINKS

1. http://unixspace.com/context/C_programs.html
2. <http://www.programminginc.com/2011/05/21>
3. <http://www.cprogramming.com/tutorial/c/lesson6.html>

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To understand the linear and non linear data structures available in solving problems
- To know about the sorting and searching techniques and its efficiencies
- To get a clear idea about the various algorithm design techniques
- To using the data structures and algorithms in real time applications
- To able to analyze the efficiency of algorithm

UNIT I LINEAR DATA STRUCTURES 9

Introduction - Abstract Data Types (ADT) – Arrays and its representation – Structures – Stack – Queue – Circular Queue - Applications of stack – Infix to postfix conversion – evaluation of expression – Applications of Queue - Linked Lists – Doubly Linked lists – Applications of linked list – Polynomial Addition

UNIT II TREE STRUCTURES 9

Need for non-linear structures – Trees and its representation – Binary Tree – expression trees – Binary tree traversals – left child right sibling data structures for general trees – applications of trees – Huffman Algorithm - Binary search tree.

UNIT III BALANCED SEARCH TREES, SORTING AND INDEXING 9

AVL trees –B-Trees - Sorting – Bubble sort - Quick Sort - Insertion Sort – Heap sort – Hashing - Hashing functions - Collision Resolution Techniques - Separate chaining - Open addressing - Multiple hashing.

UNIT IV GRAPHS 9

Definitions – Representation of graph - Graph Traversals - Depth-first traversal – breadth-first traversal - applications of graphs - Topological sort – shortest-path algorithms – minimum spanning tree – Prim's and Kruskal's algorithms – biconnectivity – Euler circuits.

UNIT V ALGORITHM DESIGN AND ANALYSIS 9

Algorithm Analysis – Asymptotic Notations - Divide and Conquer – Merge Sort – Binary Search - Greedy Algorithms – Knapsack Problem – Dynamic Programming – Warshall's Algorithm for Finding Transitive Closure – Backtracking – Sum of Subset Problem – Branch and Bound – Travelling Salesman Problem.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**COURSE OUTCOMES**

At the end of this course, the students will be able to

- select and apply the data structure to suit any given problem
- design their own data structure according to the application need
- apply the algorithm design techniques to any of the real world problem
- develop any new application with the help of data structures and algorithms
- write efficient algorithm for a given problem and able to analyze its time complexity

REFERENCES

1. M. A. Weiss, "Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis in C++", Pearson Education Asia, 2013.
2. Tanaenbaum A.S.,Langram Y. Augestein M.J " Data Structures using C" Pearson Education , 2012
3. Anany Levitin "Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms" Pearson Education 2013.
4. E. Horowitz, S.Sahni and Dinesh Mehta, "Fundamentals of Data structures in C++", University Press, 2013.
5. Reema Thareja, "Data Structures using C", Oxford Press, 2012.

WEB LINKS

1. http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_data_structures
2. <http://interactivepython.org/courselib/static/pythonds/Trees/trees.html>
3. <https://www.khanacademy.org/computing/computer-science/algorithms/graph-representation/a/representing-graphs>

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To understand the fundamentals of structures.
- To understand the fundamentals of file management systems.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. Display the following
 - (i) Floyd's triangle
 - (ii) Pascal Triangle
2. Generate the following series of numbers
 - (i) Armstrong numbers between 1 to 100
 - (ii) Prime numbers between 1 to 50
 - (iii) Fibonacci series up to N numbers
3. Manipulate the strings with following operations
 - (i) Concatenating two strings
 - (ii) Reversing the string
 - (iii) Finding the substring
 - (iv) Replacing a string
 - (v) Finding length of the string
4. Find the summation of the following series
 - (i) Sine
 - (ii) Cosine
 - (iii) Exponential
5. Simulate following Banking operations using functions
 - (i) Deposit
 - (ii) Withdrawal
 - (iii) Balance Enquiry
6. Implement using recursion
 - (i) Fibonacci number generation.
 - (ii) Factorial
7. Generate Student mark sheets using structures
8. Create a collection of books using arrays of structures and do the following:
 - (i) Search a book with title and author name
 - (ii) Sorts the books on title.
9. Perform string operations using pointers
10. Program to implement dynamic memory allocation. Creating, Reading and displaying a sequential and random access file.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS**COURSE OUTCOMES**

At the end of this course, the students will be able to

- understand the basic concepts of the programs
- design a program using C functions and structures

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To using the data structures and algorithms in real time applications
- To able to analyze the efficiency of algorithm

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. Polynomial Addition using array
2. Array implementation of stack
3. Array implementation of Queue
4. Infix to postfix conversion
5. Singly Linked List operations
6. Binary tree traversals
7. Quick sort
8. Dictionary application using any of the data structure
9. Find the Shortest Path using Dijkstra's Algorithm – Greedy method
10. Warshall's Algorithm for finding transitive closure using Dynamic programming
11. Sum of subset problem using backtracking

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS**COURSE OUTCOMES**

At the end of this course, the students will be able to

- develop any new application with the help of data structures and algorithms
- write efficient algorithm for a given problem and able to analyze its time complexity to apply

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To understand MS-Office concept.
- To get a clear idea about the various design techniques

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS**MS-WORD**

1. Text Manipulations
2. Usage of Numbering, Bullets, Tools and Headers
3. Usage of Spell Check and Find and Replace
4. Text Formatting
5. Picture Insertion and Alignment
6. Creation of Documents Using Templates
7. Creation of Templates
8. Mail Merge Concept
9. Copying Text and Picture From Excel
10. Creation of Tables, Formatting Tables
11. Splitting the Screen
12. Opening Multiple Document, Inserting Symbols in Documents

MS-EXCEL

1. Creation of Worksheet and Entering Information
2. Aligning, Editing Data in Cell
3. Excel Function (Date, Time, Statistical, Mathematical, Financial Functions)
4. Changing of Column Width and Row Height (Column and Range of Column)
5. Moving, copying, Inserting and Deleting Rows and Columns
6. Formatting Numbers and Other Numeric Formats
7. Drawing Borders around Cells 8. Creation of Charts Raising Moving
8. Changing Chart Type
9. Controlling the Appearance of a Chart

MS-POWER POINT (Working With Slides)

1. Creating, saving, closing presentation
2. Adding Headers and footers
3. Changing slide layout
4. Working fonts and bullets
5. Inserting Clipart
6. Run and Slide Show

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS**COURSE OUTCOMES**

At the end of this course, the students will be able to

- design own data according to the application need
- develop any new document with the help of MS office

REFERENCES

1. Bhushan Trivedi, “Programming with ANSI C++”, Oxford Press, Second Edition, 2012.
2. HM Deitel and PJ Deitel “C++ How to Program”, Seventh Edition, 2013, Prentice Hall
3. Ira Pohl, “Object–Oriented Programming Using C++”, Pearson Education, 2 Edition, 2013.
4. E Balagurusamy, “Object Oriented Programming with C++”, 3 edition, 2012, Tata McGraw Hill
5. Stanley B.Lippman, Josee Lajoie, “C++ Primer”, Pearson Education, Third Edition, 2012.

WEBLINKS

1. <http://www.dfpug.de/loseblattsammlung%5Cmigration%5Cwhitepapers/FundOOP.htm>
2. https://www3.ntu.edu.sg/home/ehchua/programming/cpp/cp3_OOP.html

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To understand the fundamentals of data models and conceptualize and depict a database system.
- To understand the fundamentals of ER diagram.
- To make a study of SQL and relational database design.
- To know about data storage techniques and query processing.
- To impart knowledge in transaction processing, concurrency control techniques and recovery procedures.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

File systems versus Database systems – Data Models – DBMS Architecture – Data Independence – Data Modeling using Entity – Relationship Model – Enhanced E-R Modeling.

UNIT II RELATIONAL MODEL AND QUERY EVALUATION 9

Relational Model Concepts – Relational Algebra – SQL – Basic Queries – Complex SQL Queries – Views – Constraints – Relational Calculus – Tuple Relational Calculus – Domain Relational Calculus – overview of commercial RDBMSs – Database Design – Functional Dependencies – Normal Forms – 1NF – 2NF-3NF-BCNF – 4NF-5NF - Algorithms for Executing Query Operations — Cost Estimation

UNIT III TRANSACTION PROCESSING 9

Transaction Processing – Properties of Transactions - Serializability – Transaction support in SQL - Locking Techniques – Time Stamp ordering – Validation Techniques – Granularity of Data Items – Recovery concepts – Shadow paging – Log Based Recovery – Database Security Issues – Access control – Statistical Database Security.

UNIT IV FILES AND INDEXING 9

File operations – Hashing Techniques – Indexing – Single level and Multi-level Indexes – B+ tree – Static Hashing - Indexes on Multiple Keys.

UNIT V SPECIAL PURPOSE DATABASES 9

OODBMS - Object-Based Databases - OO Data Model - OO Languages – Persistence – Object Relational Databases - Temporal Databases – Mobile Databases – Spatial Databases – Case Study for Design and Manage the Database for any Project

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of this course, the students will be able to

- understand the basic concepts of the database and data models
- design a database using ER diagrams and map ER into Relations and normalize the relations
- acquire the knowledge of query evaluation to monitor the performance of the DBMS
- develop a simple database applications using normalization
- acquire the knowledge about different special purpose databases and to critique how they differ from traditional database systems

REFERENCES

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F.Korth and S.Sundarshan “Database System Concepts”,
2. Sixth Edition, McGraw Hill, 2012.
3. C.J. Date, “An Introduction to Database Systems”, Eight Editions, Pearson Education Delhi, 2013.
4. Ramez Elamassri and Shankant B-Navathe, “Fundamentals of Database Systems”, Sixth Edition, Pearson Education Delhi, 2013.
5. Raghu Ramakrishnan, Johannes Gehrke, “Database management systems” McGraw Hill, 2013.
6. Peter Rob, Carlos Coronel, “Database System Concepts”, Cengage Learning, 2012.

WEB LINKS

1. <http://unixspace.com/context/databases.html>
2. <http://www.dbms2.com/2011/05/21/object-oriented-database-management-systems-odbms.html>

- understand and identify the relationship between system software and machine architecture
- analyze the functions of assembler, compiler, linker, and loaders
- know the design and implementation of loaders and linkers

REFERENCES

1. Leland Beck, “System Software – An Introduction to Systems Programming”, Third Edition, Pearson Education, Inc., 2013
2. A.V. Aho, R. Shethi and Ulman; Compilers - Principles, Techniques and Tools, Second Edition, Pearson Education, 2012.
3. D. M. Dhamdhare, "Systems Programming and Operating Systems", Tata McGraw Hill
4. Company, Second Edition, 2013.
5. John J. Donovan, “Systems Programming”, Tata McGraw Hill Company, Second Edition, 2013.
6. V. Raghavan, “Principles of Compiler Design”, Tata McGrawHill Education Publishers, 2012.

WEB LINKS

1. http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/System_software
2. <https://courses.cs.washington.edu/courses/cse378/98wi/help/compilation.html>

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To be aware of the evolution and fundamental principles of operating system, processes and their communication
- To understand the various operating system components.
- To know about file management and the distributed file system concepts in operating systems.
- To be aware of components of operating system with relevant case study
- To understand the process management, memory management.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Introduction-Types of operating systems-operating systems structures-Systems components operating systems services-System calls-Systems programs-Processes-process concept- process scheduling-operation on processes-co-operating processes-Inter process communications-CPU Scheduling-Scheduling criteria-Scheduling algorithms-Multiple-processor Scheduling

UNIT II PROCESS SYNCHRONIZATION 9

Process Synchronization -Critical Section problem -Semaphores-Classical problems of synchronization-critical regions-Monitors-Deadlock Characterization-Deadlock handling-Deadlock Prevention-Deadlock avoidance-Deadlock Detection-Deadlock Recovery –Threads-Multithreading Models

UNIT III MEMORY MANAGEMENT 9

Memory Management-Swapping-Contiguous Memory allocation-Paging-Segmentation-Virtual Memory-Demand paging-Page Replacement-Thrashing

UNIT IV DISK SCHEDULING AND DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS 9

Disk Structures-Disk Scheduling-File Systems Interface-File concepts-Access methods-Directory Structures-File System Implementation-File Systems structures-Directory Implementation-Allocation Methods-Free Space management-Distributed File systems-Naming and Transparency-Remote File Accesses- Stateful Versus Stateless Service-File replication

UNIT V CASE STUDIES 9

Linux System-design Principles- process management-File Systems-Windows Vista-Systems Structures-Process management-memory management-Android OS-Virtual machine OS

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**COURSE OUTCOMES**

At the end of this course, the students will be able to

- understand the operating system components and its services
- implement the algorithms in process management and solving the issues of IPC
- demonstrate the mapping between the physical memory and virtual memory
- understand file handling concepts in OS perspective
- understand the operating system components and services with the recent operating systems

REFERENCES

1. Abraham Silberschalz Peter B Galvin, G.Gagne, "Operating Systems Concepts", Seventh Edition, Addison Wesley Publishing Co.,2013
2. Andrew S.Tanenbaum, "Modern operating Systems", Third Edition, PHI Learning Pvt.Ltd., 2012
3. William Stallings, "Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles",Seventh Edition, Prentice Hall, 2013.
4. H M Deital, P J Deital and D R Choffnes, "Operating Systems" ,3rd edition, Pearson Education, 2013.
5. D M Dhamdhere, " Operating Systems: A Concept-based Approach", Second Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2013.

WEB LINKS

1. http://www.cs.uic.edu/~jbell/CourseNotes/OperatingSystems/5_Synchronization.html
2. <http://www.studytonight.com/operating-system/process-synchronization>

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To understand computational development of graphics with mathematics
- To provide in-depth knowledge of display systems, image synthesis, shape modelling of 3D application
- To understand basic concepts related to Multimedia including data
- To understand the concepts of standards, algorithms and software
- To Experience development of multimedia software by utilizing existing libraries and descriptions of algorithms

UNIT I BASIC CONCEPTS 9

2D Transformations - Clipping – Window - View Prot Mapping - Graphical User Interfaces and Interactive Input Methods – Picture Construction Techniques - Virtual Reality Environment.

UNIT II 3D GRAPHICS 9

3D Transformation – 3D Viewing – Visible Surface Detection – Back Face Detection – Depth Buffer Method – Scan Line Method.

UNIT III MULTIMEDIA BASICS 9

Introduction to Multimedia – Components – Hypermedia – Authoring – Authoring tools – File formats – Color models – Digital Audio representation – Transmission – Audio signal processing – Digital music making – MIDI – Digital video – Video compression techniques – Video performance measurements – Multimedia Databases – Animation – Key frames and tweening techniques – Principles of animation – Virtual reality – Multimedia for portable devices

UNIT IV MULTIMEDIA COMMUNICATION 9

Stream characteristics for Continuous media – Temporal Relationship – Object Stream Interactions - Media Synchronization – Models for Temporal Specifications – Streaming of Audio and Video – Recovering from packet loss – RTSP — Multimedia Communication Standards –RTP/RTCP – SIP and H.263- Real time streaming and On-demand streaming

UNIT V MULTIMEDIA APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT 9

Design, Development and evaluation of multimedia a system - The development of user interface design - Design Process - Multimedia & the Internet - Multimedia conferencing - Multimedia file sharing – Multimedia broadcasting - Multimedia Development Issues - Multimedia project - Structured Multimedia development - Multimedia project timing - Sample project

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of this course, the students will be able to

- gain proficiency in 3D computer graphics API programming
- enhance the perspective of modern computer system with modelling, analysis and interpretation of 2D and 3D visual information
- understand different realizations of multimedia tools
- develop interactive animations using multimedia tools
- gain the knowledge of different media streams in multimedia transmission

REFERENCES

1. Donald Hearn and M. Pauline Baker, “Computer Graphics in C Version”, Second Edition, Pearson Education
2. Tom McReynolds – David Blythe “ Advanced Graphics Programming Using OpenGL”, Elsevier, 2013
3. Parag Havaldar and Gerard Medioni, “Multimedia Systems-Algorithms, Standards and Industry Practices”, Course Technology, Cengage Learning, 2012.
4. John F. Koegel Bufend , “Multimedia systems”, Pearson Education, Delhi, 2013
5. Ralf Steinmetz and Klara “Multimedia Computing, Communications and Applications”, Pearson Education, 2012.
6. Pearson Education, 2012.

WEB LINKS

1. <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Multimedia>
2. <http://graphics and multimedia.com/Multimedia>

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To learn how C++ supports object oriented principles such as abstraction, polymorphism etc
- To understand and apply the principles hiding, localization and modularity in software development.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. Write a C++ Program to illustrate Enumeration and Function Overloading
2. Write a C++ Program to illustrate Scope and Storage class
3. Implementation of ADT such as Stack and Queues
4. Write a C++ Program to illustrate the use of Constructors and Destructors and Constructor Overloading
5. Write a Program to illustrate Static member and methods
6. Write a Program to illustrate Bit fields
7. Write a Program to overload as binary operator, friend and member function
8. Write a Program to overload unary operator in Postfix and Prefix form as member and friend function
9. Write a Program to illustrate Iterators and Containers
10. Write a C++ Program to illustrate function templates
11. Write a C++ Program to illustrate template class
12. Write C++ Programs and incorporating various forms of Inheritance
13. Write a C++ Program to illustrate Virtual functions
14. Exception Handling
15. File Handling – Read, Write, Update

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS**COURSE OUTCOMES**

At the end of this course, the students will be able to

- understand and design the solution to a problem using object-oriented programming concepts.
- use proper class protection mechanism to provide security.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To understand the fundamentals of data models and conceptualize and depict a database system using ER diagram
- To make a study of SQL and relational database design.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. Creation of base tables and views.
2. Data Manipulation INSERT, DELETE and UPDATE in Tables. SELECT, Sub Queries and JOIN
3. Data Control Commands
4. High level language extensions – PL/SQL. Or Transact SQL – Packages 5. Use of Cursors, Procedures and Functions
5. Embedded SQL or Database Connectivity.
6. Oracle or SQL Server Triggers – Block Level – Form Level Triggers
7. Working with Forms, Menus and Report Writers for a application project in any domain 9. Front-end tools – Visual Basic/Developer 2000.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS**COURSE OUTCOMES**

At the end of this course, the students will be able to

- understand the basic concepts of the database and data models.
- design a database using ER diagrams and map ER into Relations and normalize the relations.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To understand computational development of graphics with mathematics
- To provide in-depth knowledge of display systems, image synthesis, shape modeling of 3D application.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS**Using C or C++**

1. Implement the Bresenham's Line, Circle Drawing algorithms
2. Implement the Two Dimensional Transformations such as translation, rotation, scaling, reflection and shearing
3. Implement the Cohen-Sutherland 2D Line Clipping Algorithm.
4. Implement the Conversion between the color models.

Using Adobe Photoshop

5. Design the logo for a designing industry.
6. Design the fire effect for a text.

Using CorelDraw (or) PageMaker

7. Design the poster for the inter-collegiate cultural meet.

Using Adobe Flash

8. Animation using motion, shape and frame-by-frame animation (use onion skin, guide layer, masking and etc.)
9. Design and animate the cartoons, animals and the like.

Using Dreamweaver

10. Create a web page with all multimedia elements.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS**COURSE OUTCOMES**

At the end of this course, the students will be able to

- gain proficiency in 3D computer graphics API programming
- enhance the perspective of modern computer system with modeling, analysis and interpretation of 2D and 3D visual information.